

# Phone Line Quick Reference

Troubleshooting guide for legacy utility meter communications, analog phone lines, and VOIP compatibility issues.

## Legacy Meter → Phone/VOIP Line → Utility Data

When the line changes, the meter may stop communicating. Start with physical dial tone, cabling, and modem-friendly line settings.

## Utility Meter Communication Triage

Use this fast diagnostic script before escalating to the phone provider or an independent phone technician.

NO

### No Dial Tone

- Confirm number is active and bill is current
- Check cabling at meter and phone room / demarc
- Look for cut, vandalized, or damaged wiring
- Ask if the line is shared or provider changed

VOIP

### Static / Incompatible Line

- Confirm if analog line changed to VOIP
- Check fax/data configuration for new VOIP line
- Ask about phone system hardware/software changes
- Verify no alarm, elevator, or other device shares line

### Provider Call Script

Ask the phone provider to send a technician to the meter, not just test remotely.

- Physically verify dial tone at the meter
- Check termination in the phone room / demarc
- Re-terminate the line after provider changes
- Replace damaged cabling if found

### Modem-Friendly Settings

Legacy meter modems may require the phone line to behave like an old-school fax line.

- G.711 uncompressed codec
- 20 ms packet size
- Transcoding cycles: 3
- Xcel: 2400 baud modem support

**Quick decision point:** If physical dial tone is present but communication still fails, escalate as a line-configuration or VOIP compatibility issue.

# No Dial Tone: Full Diagnostic Checklist

Use this page when the meter phone line has no audible dial tone or appears fully offline.

## POTENTIAL PROBLEM

- Is the phone number still active with your provider?
- Is your bill current and paid with your provider?
- Is the phone cabling properly connected to the meter?
- Is the phone cabling damaged, such as a cut or vandalized?
- Is the phone cabling still connected in the phone room / demarc?
- Is the phone line being shared?
- Did you change phone providers?

## POTENTIAL SOLUTION

- 1 Check phone cabling for damaged wire.
- 2 Try a different phone line.
- 3 Call your phone provider and have a technician physically come to the meter to restore dial tone.
- 4 If you changed providers, the new provider may need to re-terminate the phone line.

**Best escalation: request an on-site technician at the meter.**

# Static or Incompatible Phone Line: Full Checklist

Use this page when dial tone exists but the legacy meter modem cannot communicate reliably.

## POTENTIAL PROBLEM

- Was the line changed from analog to VOIP?
- Were hardware or software changes made to the phone system?
- Was the new VOIP line configured as a fax line for data?
- Does the meter share the phone line with another device, such as an alarm system or elevator?
- Is the phone cabling damaged, such as split cabling?
- Was there a change in phone provider?
- Is the phone line fully connected in the phone room?

## POTENTIAL SOLUTION

- 1 Call your phone provider and have a technician physically come to the meter.
- 2 Contact an independent phone technician when provider support is not enough.
- 3 Replace damaged cabling.
- 4 Try re-programming the port to: G.711 Uncompressed; 20 ms packet size; transcoding cycles - 3.

**Key point: VOIP must be modem-friendly, not just voice-ready.**

# Xcel 2400 Baud Modem Support Notes

The line needs to act like an old-school fax line for legacy utility meter communications.

## Important field note

**Program the phone line like a fax machine.**

## Baseline VOIP configuration

- G.711 Uncompressed
- 20 ms packet size
- Transcoding cycles - 3
- Avoid line sharing with alarm, elevator, or other devices

## Messenger Modem: Typical Telephone Line Specs

- AC Impedance: 600 Ohms
- Isolation from ground: 20 M $\Omega$  DC, 50 K $\Omega$  AC
- Voltage at Site: 42.5 - 56.5 Volts DC
- Loop Current: 20 - 140 mAmps
- Max voice power: 0 dbm
- Max data power: -13 dbm
- Local loop loss: 16 db +/- 4 db
- Dial Tone: 350 & 440 Hz @ -13 dbm
- Busy Tone: 480 & 620 Hz @ -24 dbm
- Ring Signal: 20 Hz @ 100 Volts 2 sec on, 4 sec off
- Bandwidth: 300 - 3000 Hz
- Test Tone: 1004 Hz
- Maximum Noise Level: -57 dbm

- Dropout:
  - ✓ Definition: Signal minus 12 db
  - ✓ Limit: Three dropouts in thirty minutes.
- Impulse Noise Limit:
  - ✓ Definition: Signal minus 6 db
  - ✓ Limit: Fifteen impulses in 15 Minutes
- Gain Hit:
  - ✓ Definition: Signal  $\pm$  3 db
  - ✓ Limit: Eight gain hits in 15 Minutes

Reference image retained from the original Phone Line Quick Reference Guide.

# What to Do Before Escalation

A concise handoff page for facility teams, account teams, and phone technicians.

## 1 / PHYSICAL LINE

### Confirm the basics

- Active number
- Paid provider account
- Dial tone at meter
- Cabling connected at meter
- Connected at phone room / demarc
- No visible damaged wire

## 2 / LINE CHANGES

### Ask what changed

- Provider changed
- Analog converted to VOIP
- Hardware/software changed
- Shared with another device
- VOIP not set for fax/data
- Line not fully connected

## 3 / TECHNICIAN REQUEST

### Escalate on-site

- Provider tech physically comes to meter
- Restore dial tone at meter
- Re-terminate line if provider changed
- Independent phone tech if needed
- Configure modem-friendly VOIP settings